

NOTICES

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EARLIER TELEGRAMS.

THE GERMAN SITUATION.

London, March 30.
Though despatches from Berlin continue to assert that the Communists in the Ruhr district are weakening owing to food shortage and lack of funds to pay the workers or Red troops, it is admitted in Berlin to-day that the Socialists in Elberfeld, besides rejecting the Government's ultimatum, have threatened a general strike in conjunction with the Communists of the whole Ruhr region if the Government troops advance. They have also refused to disarm the population or release prisoners. Anarchy prevails in Duisburg, where the Burgomaster and Town Treasurer have been imprisoned by the Communists, who have occupied the Town Hall and seized one million marks at the State Bank. The Municipal officials of Duisburg have struck as a protest.

Paris, March 31.
At a conference of Ambassadors, Mr. Wallace, American Ambassador, confirmed the statement that President Wilson was not opposed to the entry of more regulars in the Ruhr region if the German Government desired to despatch them.

London, March 31.
Mr. Millerand's fresh note to Germany greatly modifies the previous uncompromising attitude of France respecting German regulars proceeding to Ruhr. It now virtually promises consent directly the circumstances become graver. Meanwhile it is understood that although a general strike was begun at Elberfeld and Essen in the morning, the situation later in the Ruhr was less threatening owing to the German Government staying the advance of its troops, thus providing opportunity for negotiations.

Paris, March 31.
M. Millerand sent a letter to the German Charge d'Affaires to-day pointing out that the penetration of German troops into the Ruhr basin was only justifiable by imperious necessity, but the Central Commission was emphatically of the opinion that military intervention in this district at present is useless and dangerous. Therefore it is impossible to grant the request of the German Government.

Berlin, March 31.
There was fighting last evening between the Reds and the Government troops near Dinslaken. The former are continually reinforced.

The "Lokal Anzeiger" states that the Prussian Red executive has issued a proclamation that if the general strike is insufficient to prevent the entry of troops, the machinery, factories and houses of the propertied classes, and the public buildings, will be destroyed.

DANISH POLITICS.

Copenhagen, March 29.
The Executive Committee of the Social Democratic party and the Trade Unions agreed to demand the reinstatement of the Zable Ministry and the immediate summoning of Parliament. If the demand is not granted to-morrow a congress of Trades Unions will be held to consider a general strike. A deputation visited the King, who promised to reply this morning.

Copenhagen, March 30.
The political crisis is due to the attitude of the Cabinet in accepting the pro-German result of the plebiscite in the second Slesvig zone while the Opposition favours the internationalisation of Flensborg and the second zone provisionally. The Opposition maintains that the Ministry had no mandate on the Slesvig question.

According to the papers a deputation of Flensborgers has petitioned the International Commission pleading that they should not be surrendered to Prussian persecution.

Otto Lieber has formed a new Cabinet. It is understood that the Ministry is non-political and will undertake its task by issuing election writs and carrying on until after the election.

The question of a general strike has been postponed to 31st March.

Copenhagen, March 31.
The Trade Union Congress has declared a general strike throughout Denmark.

With the Trade Union Congress's declaration of a general strike which is to begin on 6th April, Denmark is confronted with the unusual situation of a popular strike against the King for the sole reason is the King's alleged unconstitutional action in dismissing the Zable Ministry. The Socialists repudiate Lieber's non-party Ministry, which is announced with the intention of holding an immediate election, and demand a republic. A curious fact is that the syndicalist oppose a strike on the ground of their hatred of "all political frauds," while the conservatives support the King for his "patriotic action" in dismissing a Ministry which acquiesced in the pro-German result of the plebiscite of South Slesvig. The crisis is thus not merely local but may affect the general peace settlement.

THE AMERICAN TORNADO.

Chicago, March 30.
Latest reports show that ninety-three were killed in the tornado, of whom Ohio had twenty-three, Indiana twenty-seven and Michigan nine.

The latest from the Middle West is that seventy-seven were killed and thousands rendered homeless. The tornado's death toll at Chicago was twenty-nine and twenty-four were killed in Ohio. It is expected the death toll will be increased when telegraphic communications have been resumed with Indiana, Michigan, Wisconsin and Missouri.

Later.
It is now estimated that one hundred and sixty were killed and many hundreds injured. Nine million dollars worth of damage was done by the tornado.

Detachments of infantry assisted the residents in removing the wreckage in the suburbs, which were practically under martial law. Soldiers guarding an unroofed bank were ordered to kill if looting was attempted.

U.S. SEAMEN'S WAGES.

Washington, March 30.
The Supreme Court has dismissed the appeals of the owners of two British steamers, upholding the constitutionality of the law requiring payment of wages to seamen upon demand and holding that the seamen of these vessels were entitled to the wages due them when they arrived in an American port.

THE EX-KAISER.

The Hague, March 31.
It is understood the Government has received a fresh communication from the Entente which closes the question of the surrender of the ex-Kaiser.

FRENCH TEXTILE STRIKE.

Paris, March 31.
The textile strikers in the Roubaix district have attacked and derailed trains and overturned taxis. Many occupants were injured. The strikers forced the municipal and metallurgical workers, builders and bankers to join them.

CHINESE CUSTOMS GUARD.

RIGID PROHIBITION.

Whatever may be the result of the meeting between Sir Francis Aglen, Inspector-General of Customs, and the local members of the Chinese Maritime Service on March 28 in the Customs Club, Shanghai, there can be little doubt but that the Inspector-General took a strong attitude with regard to the men's proposal to form a Guild amongst the members of the Outdoor Service, as was explained, for mutual protection.

It will be remembered that on March 21 a meeting was called at the request of some 120 men, originally to consider the superannuation scheme which had been published by the Inspector-General and also the question of some action to obtain the Saturday afternoon holiday. As the result of a certain incident which occurred between the convening of the meeting and the day on which it was held, it was proposed at the meeting to form a Customs Guild, a resolution that was carried with only one dissentient out of an attendance of 147.

Immediately following upon this, it was stated that the Inspector-General had requested that no further steps should be taken in connection with the formation of the Guild until he had seen the men, and for this purpose he journeyed to Shanghai at the latter end of last week.

The men were ordered to attend at the Customs Club on March 28 in uniform, when they were addressed by the Inspector-General.

We are informed, says the N. C. Daily News, that the Inspector-General stated, inter alia, that neither the Chinese Government nor himself would tolerate anything in the nature of trades unionism amongst the men, and that any man joining a Guild having any objects but those usually connected with a benevolent association would be unable to continue service in the Customs. He is also reported to have stated that attendance at public meetings in connection with service matters, held outside Customs property or in any public building, would be taken as equivalent to the man attending if handing in his resignation which would be immediately accepted. In future, staff meetings in the Club could only be held with the consent of the Commissioner, after a request in writing signed by a number of the men had been submitted.

The Inspector-General is further reported to have allayed breach of faith on the part of Mr. Wyatt in the formation of the Guild, and denied that the men's agitation had had anything to do with hurrying or retarding in any shape or form such things as the increase of pay, etc., which had been granted. These things had come about as a result of the agitation, but in spite of it.

He further warned them that their agitation could have only one result and that was to accelerate the process of evolution in the service which was inevitable.

The Inspector-General's was the only speech made, no discussion being allowed.

GENERAL NEWS.

LONDON'S SAMPLE HOUSES.

Action has been selected by the Ministry of Health as the most convenient housing "demonstration" centre for London. In a letter to the Council it is proposed to erect various non-brick types of houses in reinforced concrete, tiles, etc., for inspection by the metropolitan authorities. It was added that the town could subsequently purchase the houses on becomes the ground landlord. The Housing Committee, composed of the whole Council, have accepted the offer.

GOLD MEDAL FOR NAVAL OFFICER.

At the annual meeting of the Royal Humane Society, at which Lord Sydenham presided, it was unanimously resolved to award the gold medal to Lieutenant A. D. Grey. During an action on December 12, 1917, Lieutenant Grey jumped into the water to the help of Lieutenant Walters, who was exhausted, and although himself badly wounded in the leg, swam with him for more than a quarter of a mile, and placed him on a raft. The raft would hold only one man, and the rescuer unhesitatingly dropped back into the water, and swam away with very little expectation of being picked up. He was eventually rescued by a German destroyer in a very exhausted state. A heavy sea was running and the cold was intense.

NOTICES

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CRICKET.

I.R.C. v. C.R.C.

Indian Recreation Club scored a good win over C.R.C. on Saturday, an exciting finish leaving C.R.C. only four runs behind. Scores:—

I.R.C.

A. Arculli, not out	27
H. Ismail, run out	0
C. Earde, b Lee	8
A. Rumjahn, c sub b Ho	23
Wing Kin	1
A. H. Rumjahn, b Lee	1
D. Ismail, b Ho Wing Kin	0
D. Rumjahn, c Ng, b Ho	0
S. A. Ismail, c Ng, b Ho	0
N. M. Bux, b Lee	8
R. Nazarin, b Lee	8
O. Ismail, c Choa, b Lee	4
Extras	4
Total	50

Bowling analysis.—

O. M. R. W.	
Ng Sze Kwong	6 1 19
G. Lee	11.5 2 35
Ho Wing Kin	6 1 22

C.R.C.

Ho Wing Kin, b Earde	0
Un Hew Fan, b Rumjahn	10
Ng Sze Kwong, b Rumjahn	21
G. Lee, b Rumjahn	4
Shin Man Ping, b Earde	4
Lo Man Pan, c A. A. Rumjahn	9
A. Arculli	7
Choa Man Ping, run out	7
H. Ching, c D. Rumjahn, b A.A. Rumjahn	7
Chan Tin Sang, b Earde	0
Wong Kwok Kwong, not out	5
Chan Hin Lee, b A. A. Rumjahn	8
Extras	8
Total	75

Bowling analysis.—

O. M. R. W.	
Earde	13 1 41
A. A. Rumjahn	10.4 1 25
A. Arculli	2 1 2

The League Table.

P. W. L. D. P.	
R.G.A.	8 3 — 21
I.R.C. and I.A.	7 6 — 19
I.R.C.	10 5 3 2 11
Kowloon	8 3 3 2 11
Civil Service	9 2 3 4 10
Staffs	7 3 4 — 9
H.K.C.C.	8 2 3 3 9
Navy	7 1 2 4 7
University	10 2 7 1 7
Craigengower	5 1 3 2 5
C.R.C.	8 1 6 1 4

HOLIDAY MATCH.

H.K.C.C. Defeat Wiltshires.

Hongkong Cricket Club played an all-day match against the Wiltshire Regiment on Saturday, an interesting match resulting in a win for the Club. Batting first the Club did not make a good show, all the wickets being bowled. Harris did particularly well. Mitchell's 49 were well got. Wiltshires started in good style, with three wickets down for 57, but the promise did not materialise, the second innings starting with the military team seven runs behind. The Club had easily the best of the second knock. Scores:—

Hongkong C.C.

1st Innings.	
F. J. R. Mitchell, b Harris	49
C. Blaker, b Harris	1
E. W. Day, b Purton	6
G. R. Sayer, b Harris	11
A. E. Wood, b Harris	11
T. E. Pearce, b Purton	14
Col. T. A. Robertson, b Harris	20
P. G. de Paravicini, b Harris	11
R. E. O. Bird, b Reeves	2
E. B. Reed, b Harris	1
A. Burnie, not out	1
Extras	1
Total	124

Bowling analysis.—

O. M. R. W.	
Purton	10 1 54 2
Harris	18.5 3 43 7
Bleekley	2 — 20
Reeves	3 1 6 1

Wiltshire Regiment.

1st Innings.	
Major Timmis, b Reed	2
Lt. Beaven, l.b.w., b Day	10
Sergt. Holdman, b Day	31
Bandmaster Eatson, c Pearce, b Bird	8
Capt. Hooper, b Day	12
Pte. Harris, l.b.w., b Reed	12
Capt. Beaven, l.b.w., b Bird	6
Capt. Corpl. Beasant, not out	28
Capt. Bleekley, b Bird	4
Extras	4
Total	99

Bowling analysis.—

O. M. R. W.	
Bird	8 2 22 2
Pearce	1 — 11
Day	2 — 19
Reed	7 1 33 1
Burnie	2 — 16

WIGWAM TENNIS CLUB.

PRESENTATION OF PRIZES.

The annual tennis tournament in connection with the Wigwam Tennis Club was completed on Saturday when three finals were played off. There was an excellent attendance and a thoroughly enjoyable afternoon was spent. The principal tie was that between Mr. E. R. Brown and Mr. F. Wheeler, for the "gentle" championship. After a very strenuous game, Mr. Brown was the victor by three sets to two. During the afternoon an excellent tea was served, and at the conclusion of the games the various successful competitors were presented with their prizes. Mr. A. Morley, hon. sec. of the Club stated that owing to the illness of the chairman, it fell to his lot to make a few remarks before calling upon Mrs. Gellion to present the prizes. He mentioned the fact that apart from the delays caused by inclement weather, etc., the tournament had been one of the most successful ever held. There had been no fewer than six events and 110 entries (Applause). Three prizes had been generously given: the "Gentle" Championship Cup by Messrs. Lane, Crawford and Co.; the Ladies' Championship Cup by Mrs. Gellion, and the British Hambleton Cup by the British American Tobacco Company, to whom thanks were due. Mrs. Gellion then presented the prizes to the following winners:—
Gentle's Championship: Mr. E. R. Brown, runner-up, Mr. F. Wheeler.
Ladies' Championship: Mrs. Parsons, runner-up, Mrs. Parsons.
Mixed Doubles: Mrs. Hicks and Mr. E. R. Brown, runners-up, Mrs. Parsons and Mr. F. H. Crapnell.
Gentle's Singles Handicap: Mr. F. Wheeler, runner-up, Mr. H. Dyer.
Gentle's Doubles Handicap: Mr. E. R. Brown and Mr. A. Hicks, runners-up, Mr. H. Krebs and Mr. C. M. Wilson.
At the conclusion of the presentation Mrs. Gellion was handed a beautiful bouquet of flowers by the Committee, who stated that the Committee were indebted to Mrs. Gellion for the interest she had shown in the Club. He also thanked, on behalf of the Committee, all the ladies who had superintended the arrangements for the tea and all others who had, in any way, contributed to the success of the gathering.

SHIELD FOOTBALL.

DRAW IN THE FINAL.

After practically two hours of football, played at a most strenuous pace, St. Joseph's and the Police have again to meet to decide the final, for, despite the fact that ten minutes' extra time each way was played after the full time had expired, neither team could get the deciding point. Great credit must be extended to the players who stuck the heat and pace gamely and particularly the Police, who played a great portion of the game with one player short, Mair having to retire injured. Chances of winning were missed by both sides, but the play throughout was full of interest and was of a particularly good standard. The Police team have improved tremendously since the commencement of the season. The teams lined out as follows:—
Police:—Swan, Clarke and McWalters; Millar, Forbes and Clarke; Cargill, Grimmett, Robertson, Mair and Alexander.
St. Joseph's:—Omar, Xavier and Hyndman; Ogley, Zeph and Urquhart; Omar, Hyndman, Silva, Xavier and Rahmin.

St. Joseph's were the first to threaten danger and a break-away by Silva was just stopped in time. Clarke punting well up field, Zeph broke up a nice bit of play by Grimmett and Robertson, and put on to Omar, but the latter dallied too long and a good chance was lost. The Police next got moving. Cargill showing a good turn of speed, but Xavier with a big kick relieved the situation. St. Joseph's forwards broke right through and Swan and his backs had a lively time. Silva just missed and the ball came out to Omar, who flashed a magnificent shot through, but Silva was offside and the chance was lost. Swan had been very much in the picture and saved several shots in succession from Silva and Rahmin. Police forwards changed the venue, and fine combined play between Mair and Alexander saw Robertson nearly through. A corner to the Police was well placed by Cargill, and Robertson got his head to the ball and scored cleverly. St. Joseph's peppered Swan at the other end and one fine shot by Omar scraped the cross bar, but the Police goalie was giving a high-class exhibition and the interval arrived with Police leading by 1 goal to nil. The second portion of the game was intensely exciting and of typical cup-tie nature. Police, maintaining their fine form, pressed early and were nearly through. Mair dribbling nicely but being robbed close in. St. Joseph's were getting more of the game at this stage, however, and only some wonderful goal-keeping by Swan and sturdy play by the backs kept them out. A great bit of work by Omar and Silva led to St. Joseph's goal, the ball being swung about in fine form and after Police had saved twice, Xavier netted with a fine low cross-shot, giving Swan no chance whatever. This goal greatly cheered St. Joseph's and from this stage they dominated the game. McWalters and Clarke both saved certain goals and Swan brought off some thrilling saves which aroused the enthusiasm of the crowd. Clarke was severely shaken in a melee in the goal-mouth and retired but came on again and pluckily played on to the end, but Police were greatly handicapped by Mair's absence and one or two of their players showed signs of the strenuous nature of the game. The extra portion of the game was just as interesting as the preceding portion and Police had the first chance, Robertson being nearly through. Silva came through with a characteristic dribble, but Swan again saved. Hyndman nearly won the game in the last few minutes, going right through the defence to Swan, who did the necessary, the forward kicking the ball a trifle too hard. The game was a fine one and intensely interesting from start to finish. Swan was the hero of the match, one or two of his saves being thrilling, and Clarke and McWalters have rarely played better, both saving certain goals. Forbes was perhaps the pick of a very steady trio of halves, and Robertson played a classy game in a well-balanced forward line. The Police team is a good all-round side and on Saturday played good football. Silva was the outstanding player on the St. Joseph's side and was the cause of most of the Police trouble. Hyndman, forward, did not get his stride until the later portions of the game when he played finely. The wings, Omar and Rahmin, both showed great pace, but were variable and their middling play was poor at times. Xavier did a lot of good things, his goal being a beauty. Zeph was great in the half-back line and Hyndman, back, who started shakily, finished in great form. Xavier played a fine game at right back, his kicking being very sure. Omar was not severely tested and had nothing in the nature of the work thrown on Swan. St. Joseph's, on the day's play, were the better team and had a greater share of the game than their opponents, but the display of the police was a great surprise to the spectators and prior to the accident to Mair they looked capable of winning through. The replay will probably take place on Saturday next.

TO-DAY'S MATCH.
This afternoon at the Valley a very interesting match between Navy Reserves (League winners 2nd Division) and Kowloon (runners-up) will take place at 4.15 p.m., after which the cup and medals won will be presented. The match is being run under the auspices of the H.K.F.A. who provide these exhibition matches for the purpose of providing the various medals and necessary funds for the successful running of the football season and it is hoped that a good crowd will be in attendance. Both teams will be at full strength and interest will be provided in the efforts which Kowloon will make to break down their opponents' defence, the Navy Reserves having come through the season without having had a goal scored against them. The Captain of the team which holds this remarkable record is the goalkeeper, W. Hayward, who will receive the cup and medals. This is the first season the Navy Reserves have had success in the Hongkong League.

GERMS RENDERED HARMLESS.

THE MODERN METHOD OF FIGHTING MALARIA.

Every day many germs of disease enter our bodies, but they are made harmless and passed off if the fighting forces of the body are in good condition. Rich red blood is the power that keeps the human body in order. When the blood is pure and good malarial germs cannot gain a grip in the system. If malaria is present the only way to permanently expel it from the system is by building up the blood, thus restoring to it the power to throw the malarial parasites out. It is because they do exactly this—purify the blood, strengthen the blood, make new, rich, red blood at every dose—that Dr. Williams' pink pills are famed as a remedy in all countries where malaria exists. Dr. Williams' pink pills build up the blood, enable it to absorb more oxygen, the agent which burns up the body poisons. In this way they are not only a tonic but a specific for the host of diseases that come as a result of thin blood, and that can get a foothold only when the tone of the body is low. Try Dr. Williams' pink pills for malaria, anemia, rheumatism, neuralgia, nervousness, sciatica. Build up your blood and note how the purer and richer blood fights your battle against the disease. Take Dr. Williams' pink pills for pale people as a tonic if you are not in the best physical condition, and cultivate a resistance that, with the observance of ordinary rules of health, will keep you well and strong. You can obtain Dr. Williams' pink pills for pale people from all druggists, or post free, one bottle for \$1.50, six for \$8, from Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., 96 Szechuen Road, Shanghai. The best time to begin is now.

NOTICE.

MARINE ENGINEERS GUILD OF CHINA
HONGKONG BRANCH
29, Queen's Road Central.

The regular monthly meeting will be held at the NEW OFFICE as above on Tuesday 6th April 1920 at 4.45 p.m. sharp.
Business: Election of Members Correspondence.
Reports & General Business.
W. J. STOKES,
Branch Secretary.

NOTICE.

HONGKONG GENERAL CHAMBER OF COMMERCE.

CHINESE LANGUAGE SCHOOL.
A New Class for "BEGINNERS" will commence on MONDAY, 5th April, 1920, if sufficient support be forthcoming.
Application for enrolment and enquiries regarding hours of School, Fees, etc., should be made to the undersigned as early as possible.

By Order.

E. A. M. WILLIAMS,
Secretary.

Hongkong, 15th March, 1920.

PUBLIC AUCTION.

VALUABLE LEASEHOLD PROPERTY

to sold in one lot by Public Auction on

TUESDAY

the 6th day of April 1920 at 3 o'clock p.m. at his Sales Rooms at No. 6 Duddell Street, Victoria Hongkong.

by Mr. Geo. P. Lammer.

Auctioneer.
All that piece or parcel of ground situate at Victoria Hongkong registered in the Land Office as Section D. of Inland Lot No. 968 together with all the messuage and premises thereon known as No. 65 Wyndham Street. For further particulars and conditions of Sale

Apply to

Messrs. Wilkinson & Co. Vendor's Solicitors,
No. 9 Queen's Road Central, Hongkong
or
Mr. George P. Lammer, Auctioneer,
No. 6 Duddell Street, Hongkong.

PUBLIC AUCTION.

[HE Undersigned has received instructions from Messrs. Thoresen & Co. to sell by Public Auction on

Tuesday, the 18th May, 1920.

commencing at 3 p.m. at his Sales Rooms, Duddell Street—
The Steamer "DAGMAR"

as she now lies in the Menam River, Bangkok, with all her machinery, gear and appurtenances etc.

1457 tons gross Reg.
921 tons net Reg.
1800 tons deadweight capacity on 17 feet mean draft
Speed 10 knots

This steamer went ashore in the Gulf of Siam, was salvaged, and towed to Bangkok, where she was dry-docked and patched up.

Inspection orders on application to the East Asiatic Co. Ltd., Bangkok.

The steamer to be at purchasers' risk after fall of hammer, when purchase money is to be paid. For full particulars apply to

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NOTICE.

We have this day removed our offices from No. 19 Connaught Road, to No. 17 Queen's Road Central, (2nd floor.)

BRITTO & CO. LTD.

Hongkong, 1st April, 1920.

NOTICE.

HONGKONG HOTEL COMPANY, LIMITED.

NOTICE is hereby given that the ORDINARY YEARLY MEETING of the Shareholders will be held at the Company's Hotel, Hongkong, on WEDNESDAY, 7th April, 1920, at noon, for the purpose of receiving the Report of the Board of Directors together with a Statement of Accounts for the Year ending 31st December, 1919.

The REGISTER of Shares of the Company will be closed from THURSDAY, 1st April to WEDNESDAY, 7th April, 1920 (both days inclusive) during which period no transfer of shares can be registered.

By Order of the Board of Directors,
J. H. TAGGART,
Manager and Secretary.

NOTICE.

DOUGLAS STEAMSHIP CO., LIMITED.

An Interim Dividend of 8% (\$4.00) per share has been declared and will be payable on the 15th of April 1920.

The Transfer Books of the Company will be closed from the 7th of April to the 14th of April, both days inclusive, during which time no transfer of shares can be registered.

DOUGLAS LAPRAIK & CO.
General Managers,
Douglas Steamship Co. Ltd.
Hongkong, 30th March, 1920.

NOTICE.

Mr. Archibald Orr Lang has this day been admitted a Partner in our Firm in Hongkong and China.

GIBB, LIVINGSTON & CO.
Hongkong, 1st April, 1920.

NOTICE.

THE HONGKONG TUTORIAL & EDUCATIONAL INSTITUTE

43, Bonham Road.

Opposite the University—
Tel. No. 732. P.O. Box 593.

Principal
JOHN P. JONES, B.Sc., M.E. Min.

The Institute affords Special Preparation (Class and Private, Day and Evening, Oral and Correspondence) for University Matriculation and Degree Examinations.

New Session has now commenced. Tutorial Classes are being conducted in English, Mathematics, Trigonometry, Mechanics, Physics, Chemistry, History, Geography, Latin and French for Hongkong University July Examinations.

Private Tuition can also be had in these subjects.

Prospectus on application.

It is hereby notified that, on the 5th April next, at the Treasury of Macao at 2 o'clock p.m. before the Committee empowered by the Article No. 156 of the Decree dated 3rd October, 1920, TENDERS are invited, by verbal competition, for the monopoly of Opium for the period extending from 8th April to 31st July of current year. The upset price starts from \$800,000.00.

All the terms and conditions for the tender can be obtained from the Treasurer's Department on application.

Treasurer's Office, Macao, 30th March, 1920.

(Signed) PLINIO TINOCO,
Treasurer.

DALTON

ADDING, LISTING
AND CALCULATING

MACHINE

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MUSTARD & Co.

NOTICES.



AIR-FLOAT

TALCUM POWDER.

THE TOILET ARISTOCRAT.

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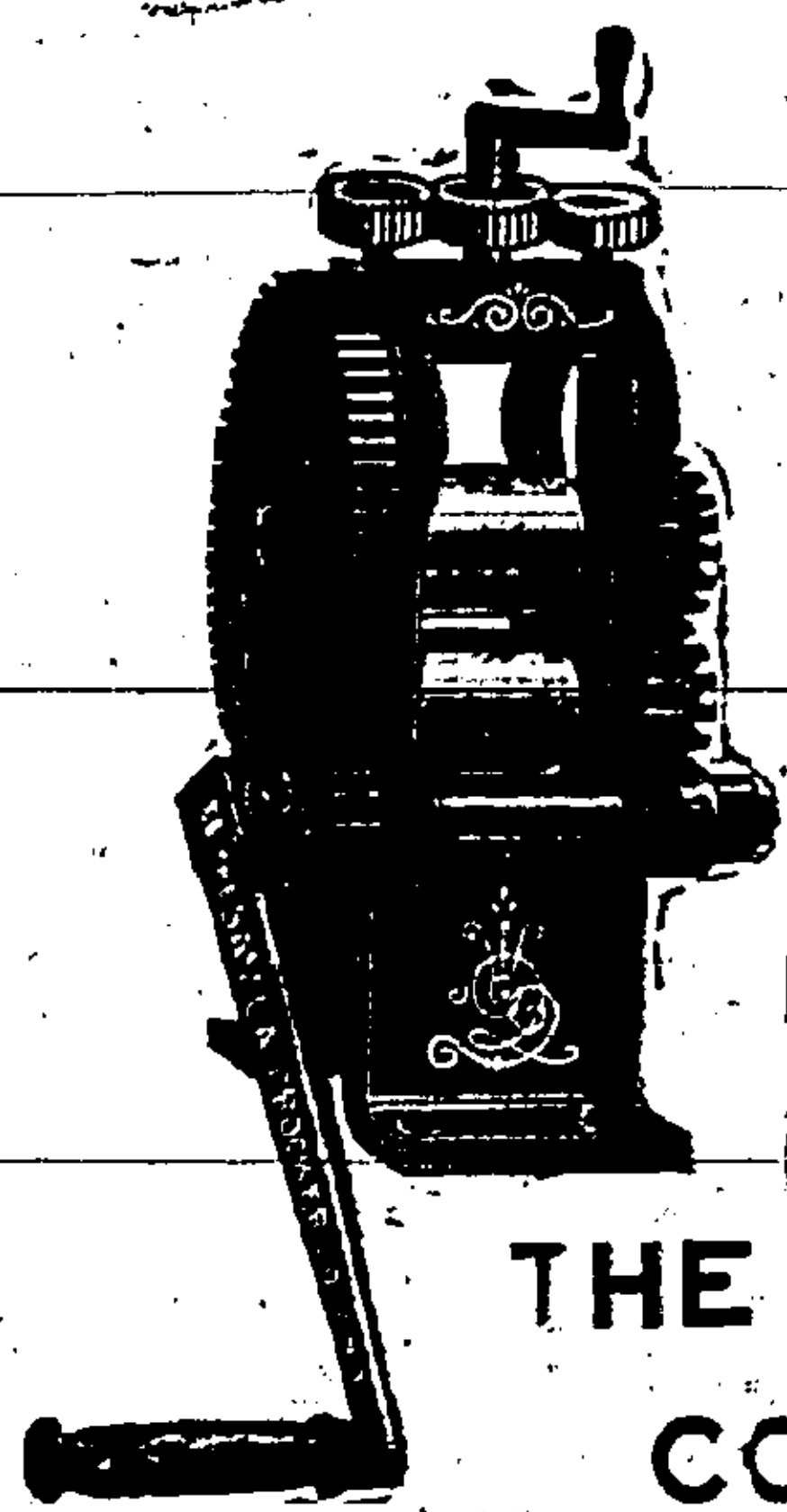
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SOLE AGENTS FOR CHINA.

DEATH TO COCKROACHES!!

60cts. "BEETLE VIRUS" 60cts.
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which is certain destruction to this loathsome pest. Harmless to any other living creatures.

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CONSIGNEES.

THE ADMIRAL LINE.

NOTICE TO CONSIGNEES.

THE Steamship

"ELDRIDGE"

having arrived from Seattle via ports, on April 3rd consignees are hereby notified that their cargo is being landed at their risk into the Hazardous and/or Extra-Hazardous Godowns of the Hongkong and Kowloon Wharf & Godown Co., Ltd., Kowloon, and stored at consignees' risk.

Consignees of cargo must produce an Import permit signed by the Superintendent of Imports & Exports, Hongkong before Bills of Lading will be countersigned. All broken, chafed and damaged cargo is to be left in the Godowns, where it will be examined at 10 a.m. on April 9th by the Company's Surveyors, Messrs. Goddard & Douglas.

All claims must be presented within 30 days of the steamer's arrival here, after which they cannot be recognized.

No claims will be recognized after the goods have left the Godowns, and cargo undelivered on and after April 10th will be subject to rent.

No Fire Insurance whatever will be effected.

Consignees are requested to send in their Bills of Lading for counter-signature immediately.

PACIFIC STEAMSHIP CO.
United States Shipping Board
Emergency Fleet Corporation
Operating Agents.

THE ADMIRAL LINE.
5th Floor Hotel Mansions.
Hongkong, 3rd April, 1920.

THE ADMIRAL LINE.

NOTICE TO CONSIGNEES.

THE Steamship

"PAWLETT"

having arrived from Portland via ports, on April 3rd, consignees are hereby notified that their cargo is being landed at their risk into the Hazardous and/or Extra-Hazardous Godowns of the Hongkong and Kowloon Wharf & Godown Co., Ltd., Kowloon, and stored at consignees' risk.

Consignees of cargo must produce an Import permit signed by the Superintendent of Imports and Exports, Hongkong, before Bills of Lading will be countersigned.

All broken, chafed and damaged cargo is to be left in the Godowns, where it will be examined at 10 a.m. on April 9th by the Company's Surveyors, Messrs. Goddard & Douglas.

All claims must be presented within thirty days of the steamer's arrival here, after which they cannot be recognized. No claims will be recognized after the goods have left the Godowns, and cargo undelivered on and after April 10th, will be subject to rent.

No Fire Insurance whatever will be effected.

Consignees are requested to send in their Bills of Lading for counter-signature immediately.

PACIFIC STEAMSHIP CO.
United States Shipping Board
Emergency Fleet Corporation
Operating Agents.

THE ADMIRAL LINE.
5th Floor Hotel Mansions.
Hongkong, 3rd April, 1920.

CONSIGNEES.

"BEN" LINE OF STEAMERS.

NOTICE TO CONSIGNEES.

From MIDDLESBRO, LONDON & STRAITS.

The Steamship

"BENVENUE"

Consignees of Cargo are hereby informed that all Goods are being landed at their risk into the Hazardous and/or extra hazardous Godowns of the Hongkong and Kowloon Wharf and Godown Co., Ltd., whence and/or from the wharves delivery may be obtained.

No Claims will be admitted after the Goods have left the Godowns, and all Goods remaining undelivered after the 9th inst. will be subject to rent.

All claims against the steamer must be presented to the Under-Signed on or before the 16th inst., or they will not be recognized.

All broken, chafed and damaged Goods are to be left in the Godowns, where they will be examined on the 9th inst. at 10 a.m.

No Fire Insurance has been effected.

Bills of Lading will be counter-signed by

GIBB, LIVINGSTON & CO.
Agents.

Hongkong, 3rd April, 1920.

NOTICE TO CONSIGNEES.

S.S. "WEST IVAN"

From Seattle JAPAN
SHANGHAI.

The above mentioned vessel having arrived from the above mentioned Ports, Consignees of cargo are hereby informed that their cargo is being landed at their risk into the Hazardous and/or extra-Hazardous Godowns of the Hongkong and Kowloon Wharf & Godown Co., Ltd., Kowloon, and stored at Consignee's risk.

All broken, chafed and damaged goods are to be left in the Godowns, where they will be examined by Messrs. Carmichael & Clark on 9th instant at 10 a.m.

All claims must be presented within a week of the steamer's arrival here after which they cannot be recognized.

No claims will be admitted after the goods have left the Godowns, and all goods remaining undelivered after 9th instant will be subject to rent.

No Fire Insurance whatever will be effected.

Consignees are requested to send in their Bills of Lading for counter-signature immediately.

FRANK WATERHOUSE & CO.
As Operators.

U.S. SHIPPING BOARD.
3rd Floor, Hotel Mansions.

FISK NON-SKID

The following prices are subject to change without notice:—

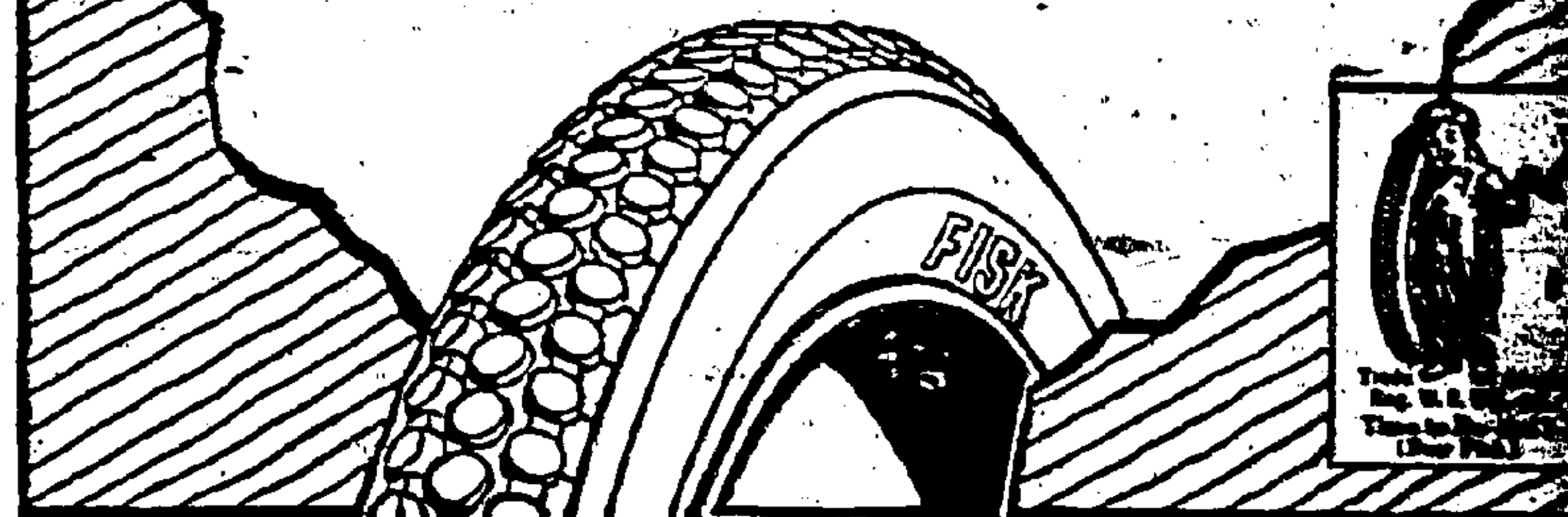
COVERS

SIZE	Non-Skid	Plain	Tubes
28" x 3"	\$ 18.50		\$ 4.75
30" x 3"	19.00		5.00
30" x 3 1/2"	23.00	\$ 21.50	5.25
32" x 3 1/2"	26.50	25.00	5.50
31" x 4"	36.00	34.50	6.00
32" x 4"	38.00	36.50	6.50
33" x 4"	39.00	37.50	7.00
34" x 4"	40.00	38.50	7.50
33" x 5"	50.00		12.00

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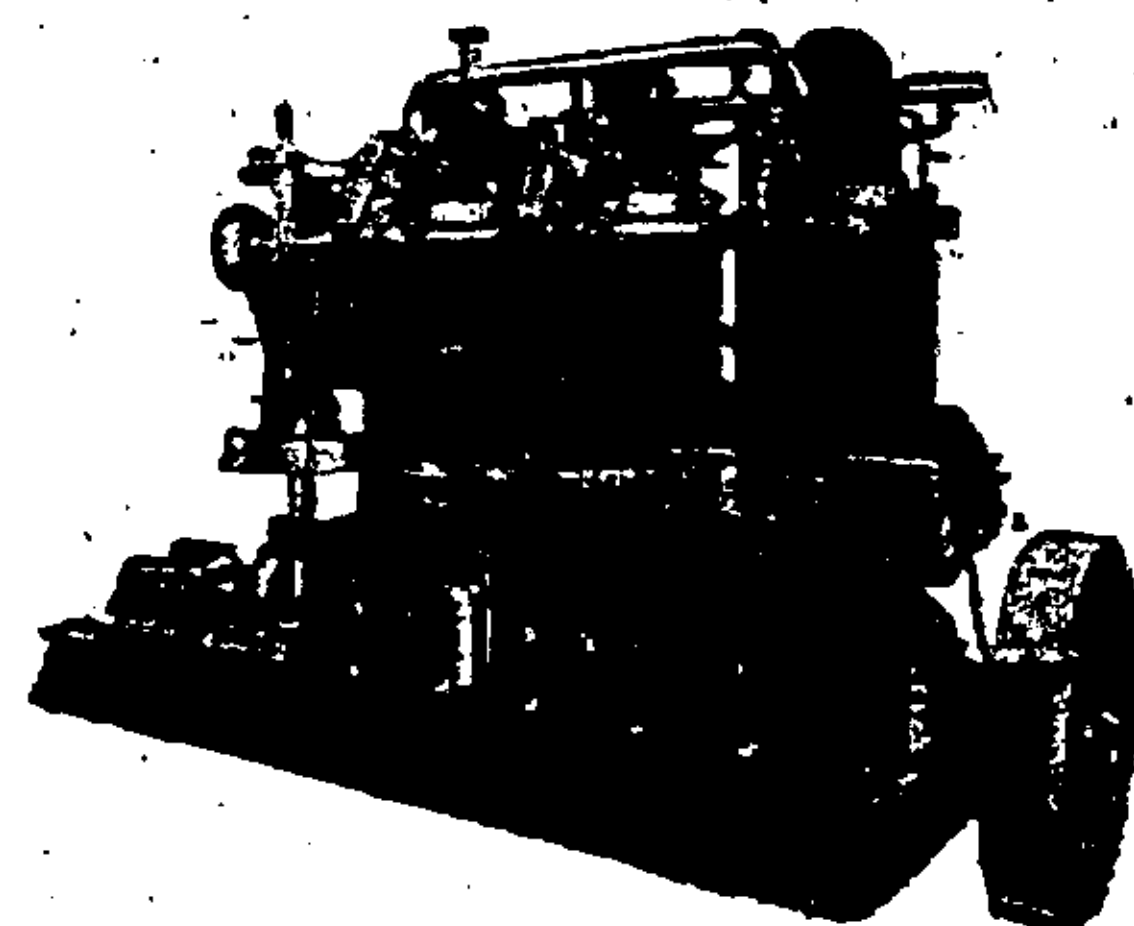
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COMMERCIAL NEWS.

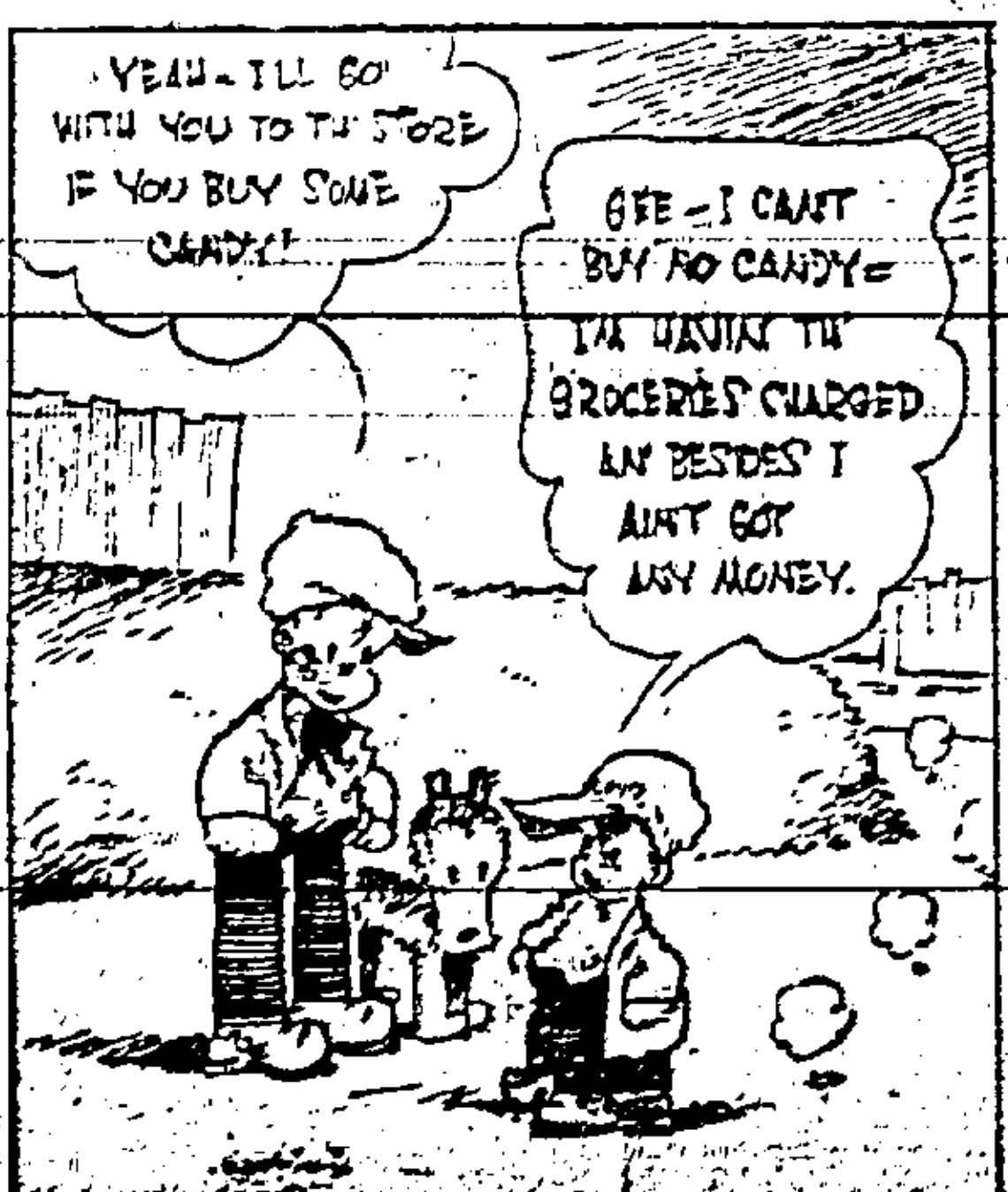
BRITISH CAPITAL.

The last six months of 1919 witnessed an unprecedented volume of investments in newly-registered companies in Great Britain. The total subscribed in that period is placed by Messrs. Jordan and Sons, Ltd., Chartered Agents, in their summary of statistics, at nearly £260,000,000 distributed among about 6,000 new companies. A special feature of post-war finance is, of course, the enormous increase in the capital of individual companies. In 1913, the average was about £21,000; to-day it is £45,000, or more than double. These figures give one the proportionately, but the trend of business is more clearly indicated by the fact that in 1913 there were only 21 companies with a capital of over £1,000,000, whereas in the last six months of 1919, no less than 49 concerns were registered with an aggregate capital of £90,000,000, the individual firms ranging up to six millions. The cause for this is to be found not only in the fact that trading in special lines on a larger scale is being adopted as a means of increasing costs of the greatly depreciated value of the £1 sterling. It is interesting to note that shipping companies are responsible for about 83 per cent. of the capital raised in the past six months. This is the natural outcome of the shortage of shipping, and the boom which that trade is experiencing. There are now prospects that this will pass before long, and shipping will then cease to stand at its present extremely attractive level. Mines are responsible for not far short of 10 per cent. of the capital subscribed, and oil comes in for about 7.4 per cent. Both these are, or should be, sound sources of wealth. Textiles rank also very high (nearly 10 per cent.), due, doubtless, to the attractively high prices of finished goods now prevailing. On the other hand, the fact that engineering businesses have obtained about 5 per cent. of the subscribed capital, while half as much again has been subscribed to firms in the motor industry, is a little startling. The latter, at least, a luxury, and it would be more satisfactory to see a greater proportion of money going to the engine trade, in order to build up a position for the whole world's necessities of life. Noticeable that the iron and trades absorbed about 4 per cent. of the capital subscribed while cinematograph took just about the same. Here, again, we have very unsatisfactory for the chemical industry, should be encouraged, if to secure a proper share of the world's trade, absorbed less than 2 per cent. of the capital subscribed. Altogether the invested, while it may mean, practically good returns, has not in many instances, put industries which will be re-established our trade and a sound commercial position among other nations, ineffectually.

FRECKLES AND HIS FRIENDS

Leave it To Freckles!

BY BLOSSER



WATSON'S E WHISKY

Maintains the same HIGH
quality TO-DAY as BEFORE
and during the War.

Per Case including duty.

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Office address: 11, Ice House Street.

The Hongkong Telegraph

HONGKONG, MONDAY, APRIL 5, 1920.

TOWARDS A COMPROMISE.

Overshadowing all other news received over the week-end was which we published on Saturday in connection with the passage of Home Rule Bill through the House of Commons. We have been about this subject quite often lately and we make no other use for bringing it forward again than that it is by far the most important political happening of the present time as far as the Empire is concerned. In contrast to it everything else in the domesticity pales. Ireland has been a thorn in the side of the British Government for years and around the question of her political freedom has raged most bitter controversies of our age. Can one reasonably hope the end of all this struggling is in sight by what has happened in the last few days? If so, then it is an achievement by the Lloyd George administration of which we might all feel proud. But the question is whether the matter is in a position to be settled. No matter of what shade of political opinion people might be, are forced to recognize that by his speech, reported by Reuters Saturday, Mr. Lloyd George has once more been the victor over his opponents. He has come out with success from a position of the most difficulty. Having listened to criticisms and objections seemed well-nigh irreconcilable and having heard Sir Edward Carson express his determination to sit on the fence as regards present Bill, Mr. Lloyd George, by one of his characteristically bold moves, seemed to turn practically the whole tide of parliamentary opinion in favour of the measure. He did not dispose of opponents by arguments or high-sounding rhetoric; but he put himself and succinctly the whole matter in the shape of an alternative. It was a matter of "Either" and "Or." Either it was to be a free Ireland cut unreservedly adrift from the Empire, free to institute herself into a Republic largely hostile to Britain, or it was to be an Ireland just pacified by what was now offered in a position to justify the giving of more complete autonomy. It was only one of these two things. The minority in the House had to be given protection, it was argued, and whilst it was in that in a few years, with matters more in their own hands, men would evolve their own union. It was clearly indicated as matters now stand between north and south it would be of service of Ireland's true interests to hand over absolute control to the British. The present suggestion, contained in the Bill now passing through the House of Commons, was frankly admitted to be a compromise and it was frankly admitted that it never expected to satisfy all parties completely. Mr. Lloyd George put his opponents in a position of helplessness, and although he could be served by a refusal to accept what is now offered, analogies, drawn from Wales and Scotland, were powerful and his answer to the American supporters of the idea of an independent Republic was certainly unambiguous and forceful. The effect of his speech is perhaps best gauged by the figures of the voting on Second Reading—figures that were a very pleasant surprise. It is that the measure will pass the Commons, though there possibly be interesting developments in the Committee Stage, when it reaches the House of Lords it is to be hoped that the sure will be kindly treated and passed through without a reversion of what happened when the Irish Act of 1914 had to be dealt with under the provisions of the previously passed Government Act.

We admit that there is nothing ideal in the present measure we don't think anyone would ever try to claim so. But we do think that, having regard to the exigencies of the moment, it represents as far as is possible the principle of justice to all. It gives, it also protects and by what it withholds it certainly guards. We have said before, and are certainly of the same opinion, that the Irish demand for Home Rule is not only just but natural and one also has to admit that the claims of the Irish have to be given respect. With a little generosity of spirit the present Bill could very easily be made the starting point of Irish unity, of an Ireland governing itself free from internal wars. As Mr. Lloyd George said, it was expecting a little too much to ask England to give what Ireland herself could not make for herself. The measure is designed to give all parties a chance all who love peace and liberty will be with us in hoping that a final move has been initiated which will, in due season, solve the problem of conflicting interests, and give Ireland her long prayed for

NOTES & COMMENTS.

THE HOLIDAY SPIRIT.

One never feels very much like work during a holiday but, for some, circumstances make it necessary. There are few days in a year that the newspaper worker is given complete leisure and although the public press of Hongkong has set aside Good Friday as one of its days of sacred rest the public wants its paper on Easter Monday. But the writer doesn't feel like indulging in argument, he wants to give a rest to all the well-worn local subjects that usually call for attention. The week-end has seen residents out holiday making in earnest and the weather has been perfect for the occasion. For golf, tennis or yachting nothing better could have been desired, and the big attendance at Fanling, the many motors that have either made the journey round the island or out to Castle Peak, and the well-attended sports clubs have all testified to the fact that we in Hongkong have learned fairly successfully the art of taking healthy relaxation. And there has been a rush into whites and topes, though a large proportion are still lovingly clinging to their tweeds and sergees. We have emerged out of the sombre season of Lent into the joyous festival of Easter and it is only fitting that there should be a spirit of gladness and holiday-making abroad. The writer does not intend to develop this very casual kind of note into a homily or dissertation on holiday making but in beginning his holiday task he fell to the temptation of making a comparison, more to excuse than to amuse.

SLOW BUT SAFE.

When people come down from Shanghai after a first visit they are usually enthusiastic over the bustle and life of the place in comparison with the slow going atmosphere of Hongkong, even in our busiest parts of the City. But Shanghai, or any other place, can have all the bustle it wants so far as we are concerned. Why people wished to go shooting across roads packed with fast-moving traffic was always an enigma with us. An American visitor was in our office the other day on a little business and although he was full of praise for the scenic beauties of our island and New Territories he had to pause to remark that the traffic he missed most of all was traffic. Manila, he said, was much more lively—this, almost regretfully. Well for those who like bustle, or what seems to us a needless rushing about, we will quote a little paragraph from an American newspaper—"About 1500 persons were killed at railroad crossings in the United States last year. Most of them were in automobiles. Some didn't look; others didn't listen, and very many tried to beat the train across the tracks. Men waste hours and board seconds. A fellow will loaf all day and then risk his life in his hurry to cross a congested street, or wait across a track ahead of a train, to save a minute! It's a poor sort of bluff. What's the hurry? It's better to get there late than not at all. Everybody knows this, of course! But the headline that tells of a family wiped out at a railroad crossing has become a common place of the day's news. 'Stop, Look, Listen' is the classic among snappy slogans. Everybody knows it by heart, but nearly everybody forgets it when he needs it most." Much sooner would we have our own streets than the packed, seething thoroughfares of some cities. When a "three-piece-copie" ricksha comes dashing up Ice House Street threatening to spill all in its way we feel offended, for has not the public safety of Hongkong been violated? And surely, safety is far better than speed.

WORTH WATCHING.

From Manchester comes a new proposal for solving the acute housing shortage there. Manchester needs 20,000 workers' homes at once, and 50,000 within a short time. Private enterprise there, as here, has failed to provide the houses. The Bricklayers' Union of Manchester has secured co-operation of all the other unions engaged in house-building and has proposed to the Manchester Council that the workers be given the contract to build 2,000 houses as an experiment. They believe that, working under their own leaders, responsible legally and financially for the output, and with the "team work" engendered by the knowledge that the whole return on the project will go to the

DAY BY DAY.

FORGETTING IS MORE COSTLY THAN ERROR, MORE DANGEROUS THAN TURPITUDE, MORE WASTEFUL THAN LAZINESS.

Three men alleged to have taken part in the Bowen Road highway robbery have been arrested and are now awaiting trial at the Magistracy.

By the P. and O. Nore this afternoon, there will arrive in the Colony Lady Stubbs, wife of His Excellency the Governor, with her son and daughter.

The West Point Police have in their custody three Chinese who were arrested following the commission of a highway robbery at West Point last night.

The Secretary of the Club de Recreo, Kowloon, has reported to the Police that the No. 1 boy of the Club, who was entrusted with the key of the Club's safe, had absconded with £400, the property of the Club.

H.M.S. Hawkins, left Shanghai on 26th ult. for Japan, having on board Sir Charles Eliot, the new Minister to Japan. On her return journey to China she will bring Mr. F. Beilby Alston, who is going as Minister to Peking.

For attempting to export a number of Hongkong dollars and subsidiary coins, a Chinese man and woman who were arrested on the Canton boat's wharf were today tried at the Police Court. Pleading ignorance of the regulations, they were discharged but the money was confiscated.

Mr. W. H. Williams, advance agent for Miss Marie Tempest informed the N. C. D. News that as a result of communication with the company in Hongkong he has been enabled to reduce the prices for admission to the theatre to \$4 for dress circle and stalls and \$24 for the boxes.

HONGKONG LABOUR TROUBLE.

DOCKYARD OFFERS REJECTED.

A notice appearing in a local vernacular paper states that it is not likely that the fitters employed in the public utility companies of the Colony will join in any concerted action which may be taken by those of other concerns to press their demand for a bigger increase of wages. It is felt that considerable inconvenience would be caused the public were the fitters in the utility companies to join in any strike. It is reported that many of the dockyard fitters have not returned to work since Thursday, and that some of the men in one of two printing offices have also ceased work, but this may be due to the Tsing Ming holidays, when there is always a large number of Chinese going into their native villages to visit their ancestors' tombs.

To-morrow the representatives of the fitters will again call upon Mr. E. R. Hallifax to inform him that the increase conceded by the dock companies has been rejected by the men.

It is difficult to find out whether the threatened strike is in operation or not. The fitters at the Naval Yard, to all appearances, are on strike, for out of a force of six hundred, only a hundred turned up at work today. There is a little work at present at the Naval Docks, and any concerted action on the part of the fitters is not likely to affect naval work greatly.

A fitter at the Naval Dockyard gets 80 cents a day, while the headman receives £1.60. The naval authorities recently offered their men an addition of six cents a week, but this the men declined to accept.

This morning at 11 o'clock the men engaged on Naval Ordnance work submitted a petition to Commodore Turner, requesting an immediate increase.

workers and not to any contractor, they can do more and better work than any private contractor. The Manchester Council has accepted the offer and awaits formal approval from the Government. If the experiment succeeds the workers in the building trades industries propose to expand their committee into a National Guild, which shall build houses all over England. It is an experiment in Guild Socialism that is worth watching.

CURRENT COIN.

(BY "MERCATOR").

Imports of iron and steel into Hongkong last year were held down to the lowest point possible, except when such imports have been of materials ordered in 1918. Nearly the whole of the trade has been with America. Bars and plates were the heaviest arrivals, bars reaching an estimated value of £605,930 against £1,050,075 in the previous year. Of this amount, £534,455 worth came from the United States of America, or 251,306 piculs, while imports from the United Kingdom only came up to 45,555 piculs, valued at £55,813. The arrivals of plates last year amounted to £508,931 (252,034 piculs) against £65,064 piculs valued at £1,350,143 in 1918. During the latter months of last year there was a revival in the trade in tin plates, total imports reaching £561,847 in value, the quantity imported being 189,390 piculs. By far the largest quantity of this stuff came from the United States, reaching a high total of 134,980 piculs of a value of £433,309. The imports of tin plates in 1918 amounted to 159,724 piculs valued at £432,167. Imports of black and galvanised sheets and of all miscellaneous iron and steel materials declined. The oversupply has been well worked off during the latter part of last year.

There was a fair trade in brass sheets and plates and the usual imports of yellow metal sheeting, in which Japan still retained the greater share. Last year £60,087 worth of brass sheets and plates were imported into Hongkong, which was a falling-off over the previous year's figure of £65,076. Imports of yellow sheeting reached a total of £33,735, which was nearly double the previous year's imports (£24,969). Japan's share of the imports of yellow sheeting last year was £22,829. Copper imports have been comparatively small. Imports of lead reached a value of about £213,233, over half of this coming from Australia.

Imports of machinery were greatly on the increase during the late spring and summer of last year, especially various industrial machinery in the way of replacements and ship's machinery, both coming out from Great Britain. Industrial machinery came to the Colony to the extent of 276,896, and compared very favourably with £25,564 in the previous year. Electrical machinery imports are assessed at £110,951, and show a decline over the value of 1918. This line represents the biggest item under machinery. Imports of electrical machinery were therefore fair in volume, the United States having a good share of the trade. Internal combustion engines show a serious drop, only £92,799 worth of such engines coming into the Colony, against an estimated value of £216,754 in 1918. The United States last year furnished two-thirds of the total, the imports of combustible engines from that country being valued at £67,357. Hardware of various sorts is gradually appearing in the trade returns in something like normal, the United States of America furnishing much of the supply.

Enamelled ware is again becoming prominent, although the imports of these fell off last year, being valued at £80,176 in contrast to £37,703 in 1918. Japan furnished most of the supplies, namely to the extent of £77,395. On the whole, it would be seen that the metal market conditions were not so favourable. About a third of the imports were tin consignments from French Indo-China and the Straits Settlements, the total imports of tin slabs and ingots into Hongkong last year coming up to £3,372,543, against £2,500,119 in 1918. Of this amount French Indo-China sent us £1,940,142 worth of tin, and the Straits Settlements 53,758 piculs valued at £787,177. In iron and steel imports, American trade predominated, America also getting about sixty per cent of the import trade.

There has been a drop of four points in tin during the last week. The 99 per cent tin is called at £78 and the 98 per cent quality at £77. The rate a few days before stood at £82 and 81 respectively. There is no demand from London for tin, and this fact explains the depression.

The rice market has also dropped during the week. Saigon round is quoted at \$14 against \$14.50 not many days ago, and

WU TING-FANG.

INTERVIEWED BY CHINESE REPORTER.

Dr. Wu Ting-fang, since his arrival in the Colony, has been keeping very largely to himself. A Chinese reporter has, however, through the introduction of Mr. Wong Kwong-tin, the manager of the Kai Tak Land Investment Co., secured an interview with him, during which many topics were raised.

In reply to queries, Dr. Wu said:—"My principal object in coming to the South was to protect the constitutional law, but during the three years I was a Councillor in the Military Government I found that my colleagues' aims were quite different to mine. Now as Shum Chun-hsun has gone to Shikwan to carry out a political conference, and there will be no meetings of the Government, I have come to Hongkong for a little while to see my old friends and to look over my domestic affairs. It is very strange that a rumour should prevail that I have taken an enormous sum from the Military Government and come to Hongkong. All I wish to say is that I have nothing to reproach my conscience."

"Will you return to Canton?" asked the reporter.

"That depends on conditions there," replied the doctor.

"But people believe that you could remedy the present situation."

"Yes," replied Dr. Wu, "that is my principal object, but how can one do anything against those of different opinions? I want neither name nor interest and I belong to no party."

"What will Canton's position come to?" asked the reporter.

"It is very very hard to say," replied the doctor.

"The newspapers say that you have declared that there must be fighting before orderly conditions can be restored; is that true?"

"Oh no," said the doctor, "that is not humanity; moreover, I hate internal fighting."

"How much of the Customs surplus money received from Peking still remains with the Government?"

Dr. Wu replied:—"The Government has received many lakhs several times, but I cannot say how much is in the bank at present. Shum Chun-hsun, on leaving for the North River, demanded one lakh and a half, but I gave him eight hundred thousand. I reserved one million dollars for the South-West University as promised, but ignorant people said that I kept the sum for my own use. I am a vegetarian; what is the use of money to me? I am old, too; how can a man carry his money to his coffin?"

"Is Shum Chun-hsun going to negotiate peace between the Yunnan and Kwangsi Commanders?" asked the reporter.

To this the doctor laughed heartily and said "That I cannot say, but can only ask you why the Tschun of Yunnan instead of giving the command to Li Kun-yuen, who is a native of Yunnan gives it to Li Lit-kwan, a native of Kiangsi. Shum Chun-hsun has from the \$300,000 distributed \$19,000 to Li Kun-yuen's troops, which has caused much resentment. He has resorted to the old Viceroy's attitude in carrying out the duty of President of the Military Government, and has assumed absolute power. He is an honourable man after all, but is being deceived by his companions of the Political and Educational Party. It is only the union of the people that can save Kwangtung province. The Cantonese are very patient people, and would not do anything extreme even at a critical moment."

Saigon long at \$14.80 against \$15. Shipments from Saigon into Hongkong are now heavy, while local stocks are still quite large. There is a lull in the market. Conditions are very quiet with no buyers at present. The U.S.A. market is practically dead. Even exporters of rice here are inclined to dispose of their stocks. I am told on very good authority that the Governor-General of Indo-China is trying to fix the value of the piastre at a low figure in order to encourage the export trade of the country, Indo-China being a very large producing province. A new law to that effect will come into force very soon. It is probably this fact that has served to bring down the price of rice in the Colony. If the intention of the new

"Is it true that Sun Yat-sen is now in co-operation with Tuan Kt-sun?"

"I only know it from the newspaper."

"The seven councillors of the Military Government are now reduced to three; is the Government finished or is it to be reorganised?"

"That all depends on the changes of the future."

"How about the squadron? Does Admiral Lam Po-yik respect the Military Government's orders?"

"Admiral Lam is a good man but very seldom attends the administrative meetings. Tschun Mok is also a good man but he never attends any meetings; he only sends his representatives. That is the reason why others do not respect the Military Government. But I hope you will not ask anything more about Canton. Why not change the subject to that of practical good health?" Then the doctor talked of vegetarianism, Buddhism and transmigration of souls for a considerable time, after which the reporter took his leave.

PICKPOCKETS.

The story of how a Shanghai Chinese was victimised by two of his more wily compatriots of the South was related at the Magistracy this morning.

The man is a fur dealer, and he was landing on the Praya from a steamer yesterday when his pockets were operated on. A thief extracted his purse, was instantly grabbed by the Northern, but managed to pass it to a confederate who did the disappearing act. Nevertheless, the Northern in spite of the sufferings he must have endured at the thought of losing a sum of \$21 and a promissory note for \$1,000, which were in the purse, stuck on to his man. He brought the thief to his lodging house and was about to call for the police when the thief's accomplice came in and offered to return the purse in exchange for his chief's freedom. Suspecting a trick, the Northern opened the purse, found it to contain the sum of one cent, and looked up, again, to see that the accomplice had not waited to be arrested but had promptly disappeared when he saw that his trick had failed. There was nothing, therefore, to be done, but to call in the police to take over the other thief. At the Police Court today the man was given three months' hard labour after a previous conviction for cutting and wounding had been proved.

TO-DAY'S MISCELLANY.

Great efforts are being made to get Mme Gatti-Curci to come to London this season for opera. The furor she created in New York was reminiscent of the days of Patti and Jenny Lind. The remarkable violinist, Josef Heyfetz, is also likely to visit England. The gramophone records of his playing have excited the admiration of some of our leading musicians. He is about 23 years old.

Mr. Thomas Hardy, O.M., who made one of his very rare appearances in public recently when he attended the performance of "The Dynasts at Oxford," is fond of telling his friends that he occupies his house near Dorchester "by special permission of the late King Edward." The little jest has a basis of truth, for King Edward, as Prince of Wales was on the board of the land company of which Mr. Hardy bought the site. When the novelist's offer to purchase came before the board it was about to be refused when Thomas Hardy it was, and, on being informed, at once moved that his desire should be granted.

Governor-General of Indo-China is translated into action we should see much lower values for rice, and incidentally the fear entertained recently of a possible scarcity of the cereal will disappear. Hence there is less scramble to buy rice now.

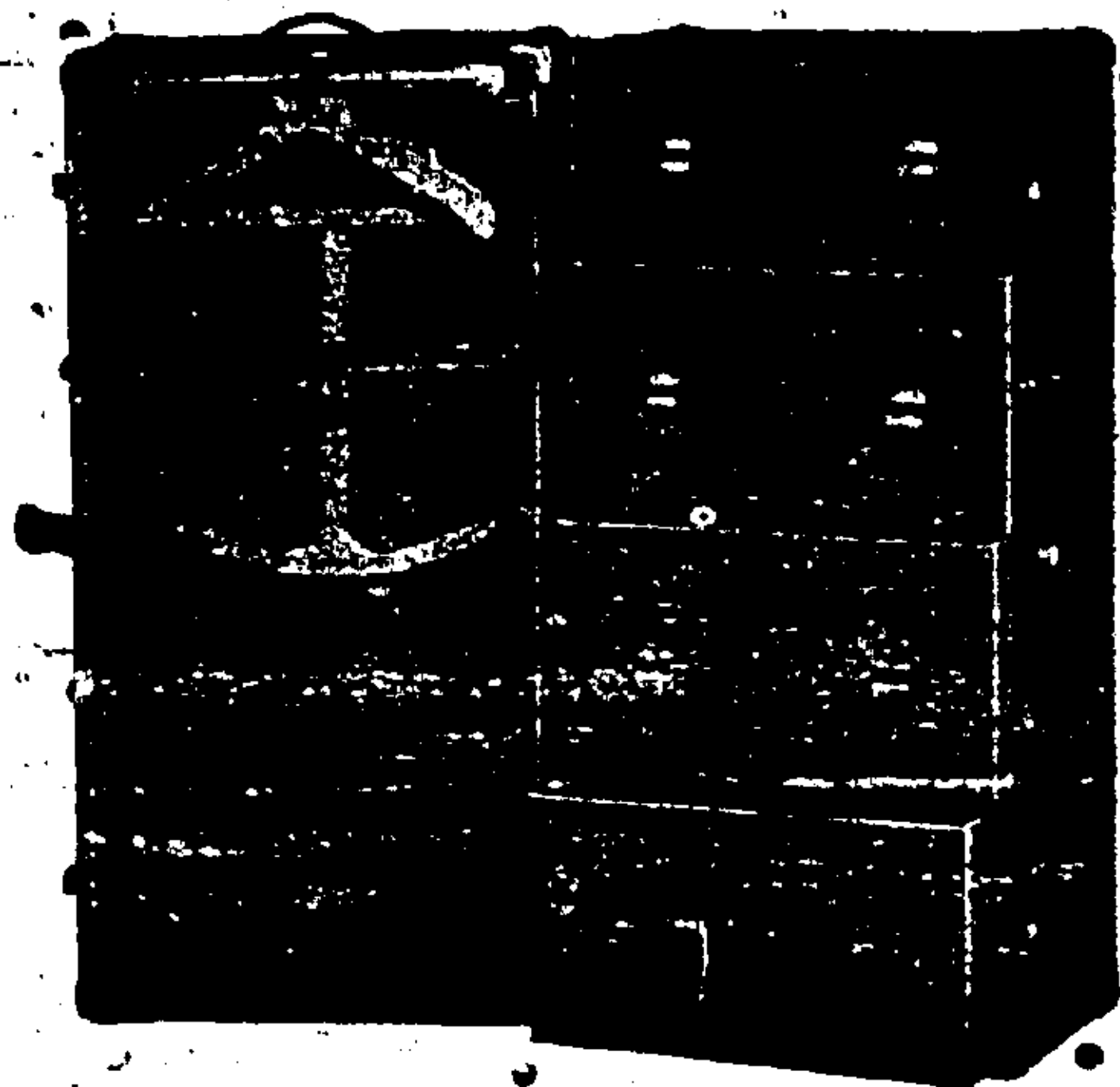
Lard in new tins is quoted at \$33 per picul, against \$33.50 the rate of a few days ago. I have not heard of any demand from South America. There is no enquiry whatever from other centres. Cassia lignea is stationery at \$12.25. The market is weak. Two months ago the price was \$16.50. Cassia oil (\$60 to \$80 per cent) has dropped from \$235 to \$224. English prices are not up to local ideas.

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AMERICAN ITEMS.

(From the "Manda Bulletin")

Washington, March 24.—Governor Harding of the Federal Reserve Board made public today the regulations governing the entry of American firms into foreign fields, practically providing a federal reserve system.

Panama, March 25.—It is doubtful whether the Panama canal channel is sufficiently clear now since recent slides to permit the passage of the British cruiser Renown. The Prince of Wales, who is on the Renown, is due here in the very near future. More than twenty ships are tied up as a result of the slide. An island of debris 50 feet wide and three feet high is visible in the channel.

Washington, March 24.—Representatives of the American Legion to-day told a House Committee that the Industrial Workers of the World were playing on the ex-soldiers' discontent over delayed relief, in order to recruit members. They said in the mining camps of Utah the I.W.W. outnumber ex-soldiers six to one.

Washington, March 24.—The first installment of the 1919 income tax profits aggregated \$909,929,172. This indicates the collections for the entire year will be \$3,500,000,000. The payments more than offset the outstanding Treasury certificates issued in anticipation of the payments.

Washington, March 24.—The Democrats and Republicans cheered a statement made in the House of Representatives by Congressman Humphreys to the effect that President Wilson would make an immediate announcement that he will not be a candidate for a third term.

Washington, March 24.—Senator Thomas of Colorado declared

THE CORONET SUPER SEASON.

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ALL THE WORLD'S
GREATEST PHOTOPLAYS.

NOW SHOWING
"LORD AND
LADY ALGY."

NEXT CHANGE
GERALDINE FARRAR

IN
"SHADOWS."

DON'T FORGET.

TO-DAY.

Happy Valley.—Lusitano Club's Annual Sports.

Coronet Theatre—5.15 and 9.15 p.m.

TO-MORROW.

Coronet Theatre—5.15 and 9.15 p.m.

in the Senate to-day that under the constitution, Congress had no authority to pass over the veto of the President, any resolution to declare a state of peace between the United States and Germany. His statement was in reply to reports that leaders had planned to override a veto.

EASTER SERMON.

BY BISHOP LANDER.

Preaching at St. John's Cathedral yesterday morning from the text "He must reign till he has put all enemies under his feet" (1 Cor. XV. 25) Bishop Lander said: "When the Japanese began to turn their attention to Western nations as models for their reconstruction last century, one of them said to Dr. Eugene Stock: 'We may even adopt Christianity as our national religion,' to which Dr. Stock replied 'What good will that do you if it is not true?' and thus asserted the principle we can never ignore, that Christianity claims an historic basis. It is not a moral philosophy or a code of ethics. It is a result of a stupendous fact that God became incarnate in this world, was put to death and rose again the third day. Either the resurrection of Christ is a fact or it is not. Many of the cleverest men of the age are satisfied that it is a fact, or at any rate that the difficulty of accounting for the existence of Christianity on any other theory is insuperable. Yes, we believe Christ rose from the dead and that He must reign. He even claimed a kingdom and He was raised to a throne as well as a Saviour. The apostles preached his resurrection as a fact and the Church has done so all along the ages; and signs have followed, in the spirit, given to men like Saul of Tarsus and hosts of others in every age, and the same is going on now. Confessions of last month in this diocese were very varied, poor people, educated Chinese, and British soldiers and sailors; all alike voluntarily bear witness to the power of His resurrection. Yes, He reigns over thousands of all races and He must reign throughout the whole world. That alone is certain: the true Christian cannot be a pessimist. Whatever the future has in store for our civilization, our organized society, our nation, we know not, but we know that the kingdoms of this world will become the kingdoms of our Lord and His Christ. The enemies that will be put under His feet are all sinful principles—ignorance, superstition, worldliness, selfishness, envy, hatred, malice, stupidity and ugliness; but these things still have a good deal of fight in them, and it seems as if in this age Christ will only triumph over them by the devotion of His followers. To-day there is a trumpet call to rally to His side to do one's bit so that He may triumph. Perhaps the greatest need of the Church of England is more moral earnestness for Christ. I can understand and sympathize with any who have difficulty in believing the facts of the Incarnation and Resurrection. I believe our Lord will be tender towards such, provided they are honest and really weigh all the evidence there is. If they are truly anxious to do God's will, they will be long know of the doctrine. Yes, I can understand their attitude; but I cannot respect the attitude of those who believe the articles of the creed and yet remain indifferent concerning them—who say the outside observances of religion are not binding on their lives or who have it in their wives. I do not plead for a revival of the severe Puritan Sunday, and know there is nothing necessarily permanent about our customs and observances; but I say that loyalty to Christ will necessitate some religious recognition of the Lord's Day and the observance of His regulation concerning the Lord's Supper. We need more keenness and stronger corporate Church life. The Christian Society our Lord founded is not an insurance society to save our poor, stunted and starved souls—perhaps they hardly worth saving—but are an army to fight against every wrong and to make Jesus King. We want much more esprit de corps. It is depressing that business meetings of the congregation are only attended by very few people. Opposition is better than indifference. That shows light; indifference may mean spiritual deadness. If Christ must reign there must be on the part of His fellows a wide vision, a broad outlook and bold enterprise. Christian education must be taken upon a really big scale—old buildings rebuilt, old methods scrapped and if tens of thousands of dollars are needed Churchmen must find them. The new Bishop will need to be partly supported by the members of the Church of England. I am not one of those who say "No Bishop no Church." To me God seems to be using our non-Episcopal brethren to win souls and hasten His Kingdom. They are our allies in the great spiritual war. But for ourselves, Bishops are not anachronisms—they are links with the whole Church. They are desirable for the "order, the continuity and the unity of our Church, and I hope the Church of England people will see that the new Bishop has a house to live in, and that you will cordially support him in his efforts to extend Christ's Kingdom amongst the millions of Chinese in his diocese. Is it nothing to you that there are supreme opportunities of winning the allegiance of this intelligent, industrious and peaceable people for Christ's army? It would be quite possible for English Churchmen here to undertake the evangelization of this Colony—at least our Church's share in that duty—and thus relieve

NOTICES

DAIRY FARM NEWS.

FISH! FISH!

FINNAN HADDOCK — 60 cents per lb
FILLFT HADDOCK — 65 " " "
KIPPERS — 45 " " "
SALT SIBERIAN SALMON — 20 " " "

New shipment just arrived.

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ly support him in his efforts to extend Christ's Kingdom amongst the millions of Chinese in his diocese. Is it nothing to you that there are supreme opportunities of winning the allegiance of this intelligent, industrious and peaceable people for Christ's army? It would be quite possible for English Churchmen here to undertake the evangelization of this Colony—at least our Church's share in that duty—and thus relieve

the Church Missionary Society of the support of some nine or ten missionaries. The clergy amongst them might be Missionary Canons of this Cathedral. Be sure of this, whether you co-operate or not this is the cause that will prevail, and when Christ's triumph is complete and we stand before Him the one question that will matter will be: Did we do our part in bringing about that triumph?

NOTICES

NEGLIGE SHIRTS

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JUST RECEIVED
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HIGH-CLASS OUTFITTERS.



CHANGE
OF
SEASONS



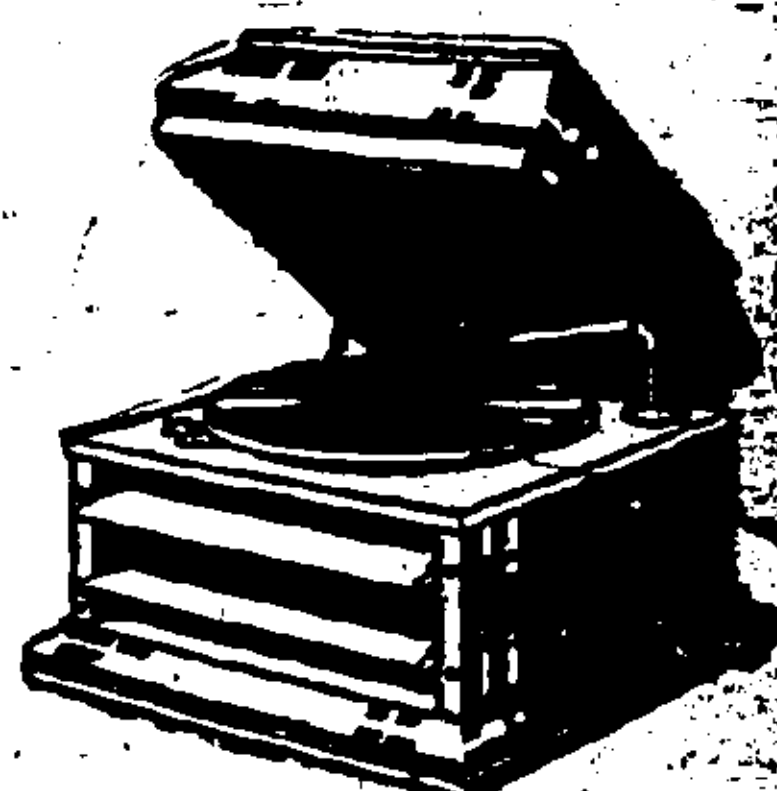
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MOVEMENTS OF STEAMERS

The N. Y. K. s.s. **TOYO**
M. (European Line) left Hong
Kong for this port via Suva on the
Feb. 1 and is expected here on
Feb. 14.

The N. Y. K. s.s. MISHIMA MARU (European Line) is in London for this port via Suez on the 33th Feb., and is expected here on the 5th April.

The N. Y. K. s.s. SADO: M (European Line.) left London for this port via Suez on the 6th March and is expected here on the 14th April.

The N. Y. K. s.s. YEBOSHI M (Calcutta Line.) left Calcutta for this port via Rangoon and Singapore on the 22nd March and is expected here on the 13th April.

The N. Y. K. s.s. SHINZUI M (Bombay Line.) left Kobe for this port via Moji on the 29th March and is expected here on the 31st April.

The N. Y. K. s.s. **ARI MARI** (Australian Line) left Sydney for Hongkong via ports on the 26th March and is expected here on the 16th April.

The P. & O. : NORE

Singapore for this Port on the
31st instant at 8 a.m. and is due
here on the 5th instant at about
5 p.m.
The N. Y. K. s.s. TOSA MARU

(South American Line.) left Kobe for this port on the 30th. March and is expected here on the 5th April.
The N. Y. K. s.s. SHINZUI M

(Bombay Line.) left Moji for this port on the 31st March—and is expected here on the 6th April. The N. Y. K. s.s. DAKAR (Hamburg Line.) left Shanghai

for this port on the 1st April, and is expected here on the 5th April.

SHIPPING NEWS

CHINA COAST GAZETTE.
Mr. J. V. Hunter, second
officer, Poyang, has gone chief

officer. Shuntien. Mr. E. A. R. Sharratt, supernumerary second officer. Choyssang, has gone supernumerary second officer. Koonsbing. Mr. W. H. Watson.

has been appointed supernumerary second officer, Choysang. Mr. W. Ryden, from reserve, has gone acting chief officer, Hongsang. Mr. W. Tilly, chief officer, Hongsang, is on reserve. Mr. M.

Mr. J. Rowe, supernumerary third engineer, Loongwo, has gone aboard the second engineer, Wosan.

second engineer, Kwongsang. Mr. A. Turnbull, chief engineer Koonshing, has gone chief engineer, Hangsang. Mr. Smith, chief engineer Hangsan

is on leave. Mr. D. Spahr, second officer, Taishun, has gone. Second officer, Tungwan, Mr. F. G. Anderson, from leave has gone. Second officer,

Irene. Mr. O. Strand has been appointed third engineer. Toonan. Mr. A. Malcolm, from leave, has gone chief engineer. Hsinchang. Mr. J. Alexander

chief engineer, Hsinechang, is on leave. Mr. A. M. Donald, foreman, has gone chief engineer, Taishun. Mr. A. Sharp, chief engineer Taishun, is on leave.

EIGHT-HOUR DAY.
The movement in favour of the principle of an eight-hour day for

Marine is being busily promoted in seafaring circles and the successful mass meeting which was recently held in Liverpool is being

ings at other centres. Meetings were held at Cardiff on January 11, at Glasgow on January 12 and at South Shields on the 15th. Mr. T. W. Moore, A.S.

Secretary of the Imperial Merchant Service Guild, spoke at these meetings while the Cardiff and South Shields gatherings were attended by Mr. Havelock.

Wilson, M.P., the President of the Sailors' and Firemen's Union. Representatives of the various other Societies of the seafaring community are also taking

active part.

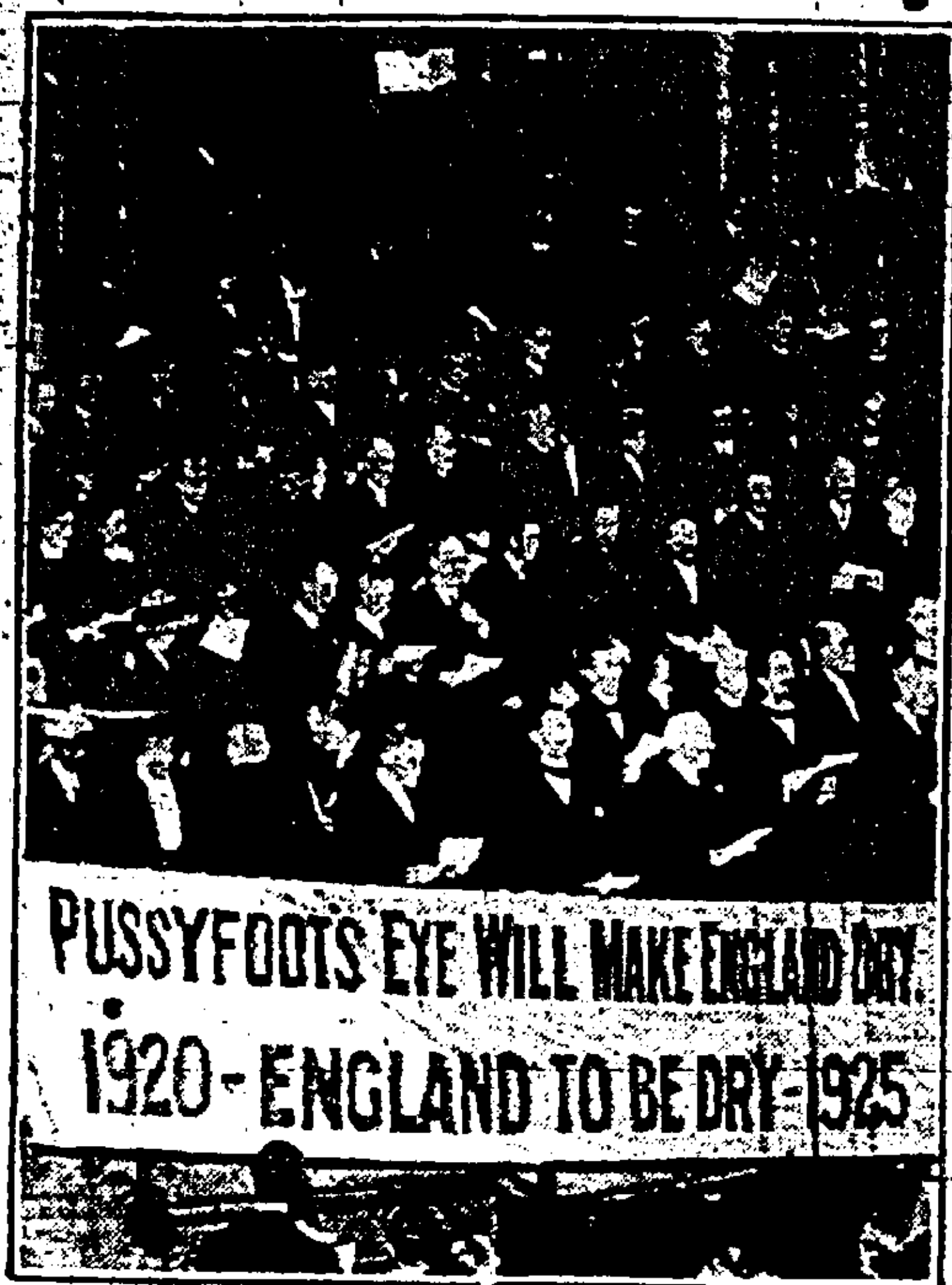
£700,000 WILL IN 100 WORDS
In a will of 100 words

in his own hand, Captain Arthur Capel, of Boulevard Malesherbes, Paris; and Cheyne-walk, Chelsea, disposed of his estate, which has been returned as of the 1st of

value of \$723,999. After making gifts to relatives and friends, he left all his other property in trust for his wife, Captain C. who was liaison officer.

Versailles Conference
in motor car accident

TO-DAY'S PICTURES.



A Prohibition meeting at the Central Hall, London.



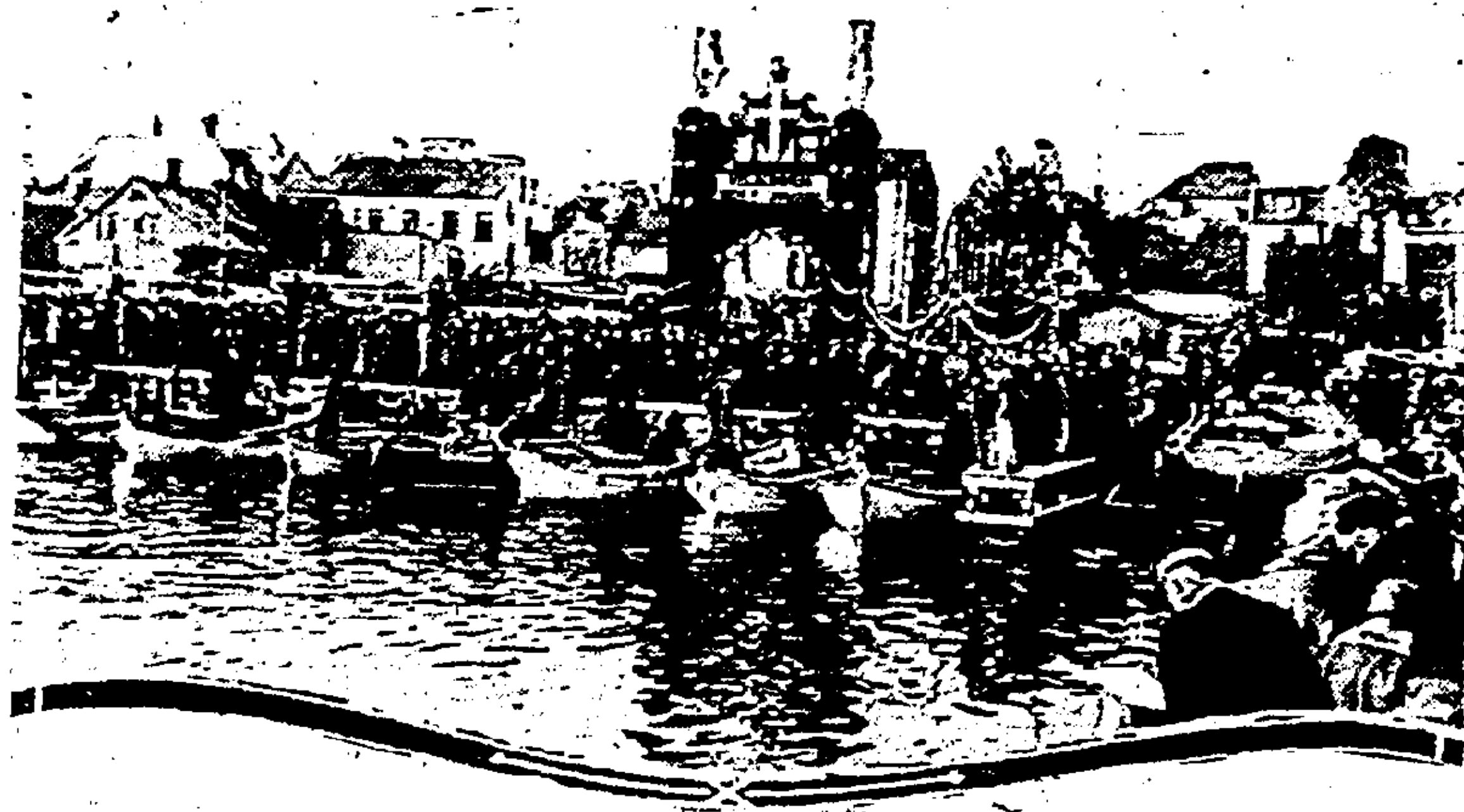
Two of the most enthusiastic followers of the hounds in England are the Prince of Wales and his charming sister, Princess Mary, and they attend all the prominent meets during the hunting season. They are shown above at the recent meet of the West Norfolk Hunt at Gressenhall, near Dereham.



The drive to sell Irish Liberty Bonds has been launched in America. Photo shows Miss Eileen Quinlan and Miss Amelia Rosser attempting a sale to Congressman David J. O'Connell of New York and John W. Rainey of Illinois.



Unable to find remunerative employment, this ex-British Army officer has become a pavement artist to make his living. He wears a mask to avoid recognition. The picture shows him drawing on the sidewalk in the Strand.



A waterfront celebration to mark the restoration of a part of Schleswig-Holstein to Denmark.



This is most recent photo of Madame Paul Deschanel who became France's "First Lady" upon the election of her husband to the Presidency.

DOINGS OF THE DUFFS

He Won't Need An Alarm Clock Now.

BY ALLMAN

